

Ave Maria

(Composição de Charles Gounod sobre o Prelúdio N.1 em C, BWV 846,
do livro "O Cravo Bem Temperado", composto por J. S. Bach)

Francis Gounod (1818-1893)

J.S. Bach (1685-1750)

$\text{♩} = 55$

Soprano

Soprano

Contralto

Tenor

Baixo

Piano

p

Xed. * *Xed.* *

Pedal Smile

5 A *p*

Sop. A - - ve Ma - ri - - a,

Sop.

C.

Ten.

Bax.

Pno

pp

The musical score consists of two systems of music. The first system, starting at measure 1, features five vocal parts (Soprano, Contralto, Tenor, Baixo) and a piano part. The vocal parts sing sustained notes. The piano part provides harmonic support with a continuous eighth-note pattern. The vocal melody begins with 'Ave' and continues with 'Maria', with specific dynamics and performance instructions like 'Xed.' and 'Pedal Smile'. The second system, starting at measure 5, features five vocal parts (Soprano, Contralto, Tenor, Baixo) and a piano part. The vocal parts sing sustained notes. The piano part provides harmonic support with a continuous eighth-note pattern. The vocal melody begins with 'Ave' and continues with 'Maria', with specific dynamics and performance instructions like 'Xed.' and 'Pedal Smile'.

9

Sop.

Sop.

C.

Ten.

Bax.

Pno

gra - ti - a ple - na, Do - mi-nus te - cum,

pp

cresc.

pp

13

Sop.

be - ne - di - cta - tu - in

Sop.

C.

Ten.

Bax.

Pno

cresc.

dim.

pp

B

16

Sop. mu - li - e - ri-bus, et _____ be - ne -

Sop.

C.

Ten. $\frac{8}{8}$

Bax.

Pno *cresc.* | *p* | *cresc.*

19

Sop. di - ctus frus - ctus____ ven - tris____ tu - i, Je -

Sop.

C.

Ten. $\frac{8}{8}$

Bax.

Pno *p*

23

C

Sop. *mp*
sus — San - cta Ma - ri - a, San - cta Ma-

Sop. *p*
San - cta Ma - ri - a, San - cta Ma-

C. *p*
San - cta Ma - ri - a, San - cta Ma-

Ten. *p*
8 San - cta Ma - ri - a, San - cta Ma-

Bax. *p*
San - cta Ma - ri - a, San - cta Ma-

Pno *mp* **C**

27

Sop. *f*
ri - a, Ma - ri - a, o - ra pro no - bis,

Sop. *p*
ri - a, Ma - ri - a, o - ra pro no - bis,

C. *p*
ri - a, Ma - ri - a, o - ra pro no - bis,

Ten. *p*
s ri - a, Ma - ri - a, o - - - ra pro

Bax. *p*
ri - a, Ma - ri - a, o - - - ra pro

Pno *f* *p*

D *ff*

31

Sop. no - bis pec-ca - to - ri-bus nunc - et in ho - ra, in *f*

Sop. no - bis pec-ca - to - ri-bus nunc - et in ho - ra *f*

C. nos - bis pec-ca - to - ri-bus nuns - et in ho - ra *f*

Ten. 8 no - bis pec-ca - to - ri-bus nuns - et in ho - ra *f*

Bax. no - bis pec-ca - to - ri-bus nuns - et in ho - ra *f*

Pno { *p*

35

Sop. ho - ra mor - tis nos - trae A - - mem! *p*

Sop. mor - tis nos - trae A - - mem! *p*

C. mor - tis nos - trae A - - mem! *p*

Ten. 8 mor - tis nos - trae A - - mem! *p*

Bax. mor - tis nos - trae A - - mem! *p*

Pno { *p*

39

Sop. A - - - mem!

Sop. A - - - mem!

C. A - - - mem!

Ten. 8 A - - - mem!

Bax. A - - - mem!

Pno *pp*

This musical score page contains six staves. The top five staves represent vocal parts: Soprano (Sop.), Alto (Sop.), Cello (C.), Tenor (Ten.), and Bass (Bax.). Each of these staves has a single sustained note with a港音 (glissando) marking. The vocal parts are in treble clef, and the bass part is in bass clef. The bottom staff represents the Piano (Pno), indicated by a brace. The piano part includes eighth-note patterns, dynamic markings such as *pp* (pianissimo) and *ff* (fortissimo), and sustained notes with港音 (glissando) markings.